

Giant Number Fluctuations In 3-D Bacterial Active Turbulence

Zhengyang Liu

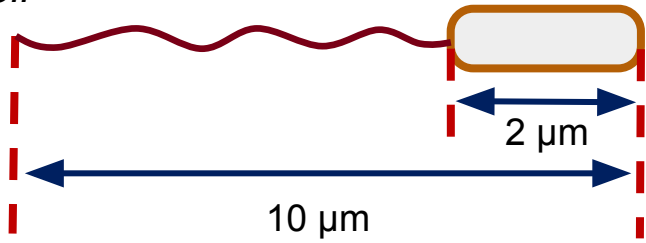
Wei Zeng, Xiaolei Ma, Xiang Cheng

November 13, 2020

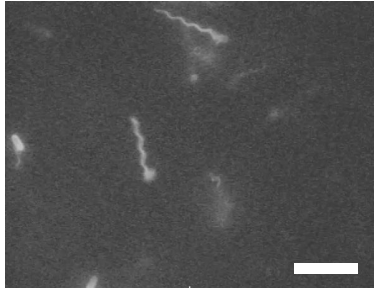
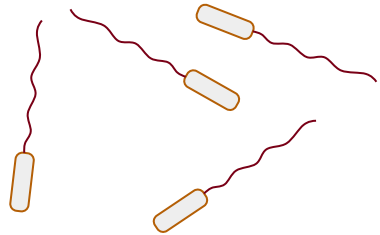
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E. coli and bacterial active turbulence

E. coli

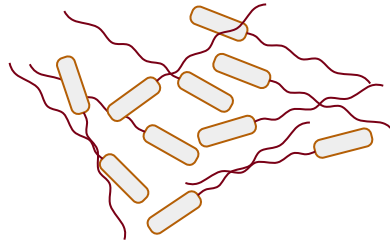


Low concentration

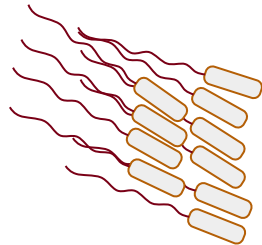


Turner et al., *J. Bacteriol.*, 2000 (Scale bar = $10\ \mu\text{m}$)

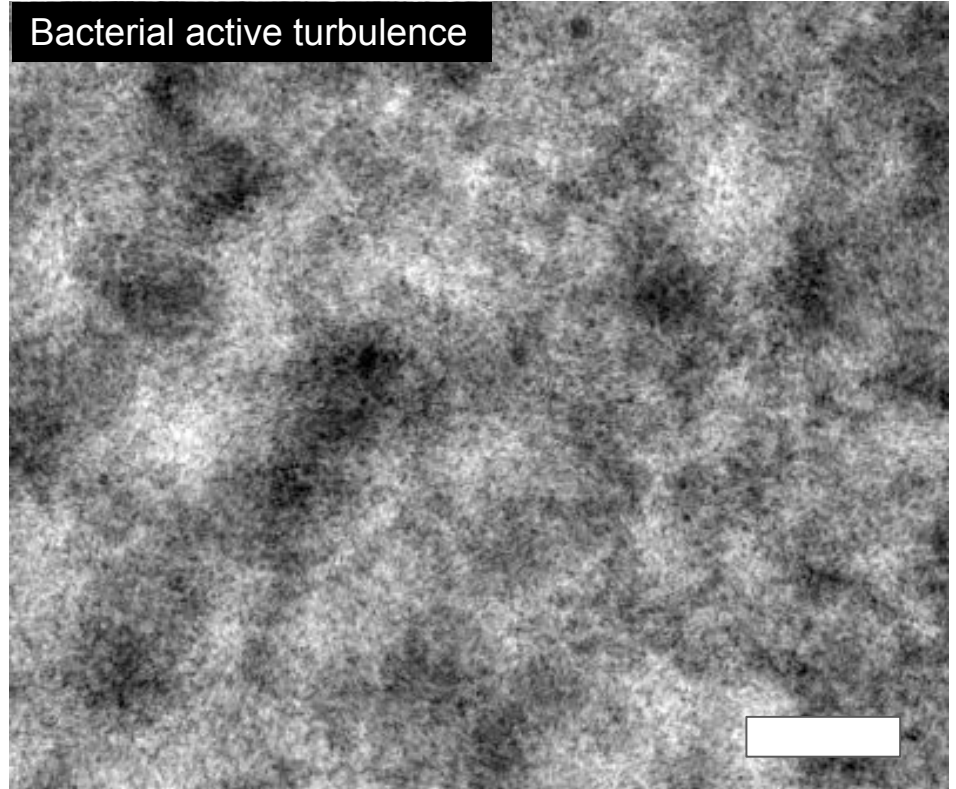
High concentration



↓ self-organize ↓



Bacterial active turbulence

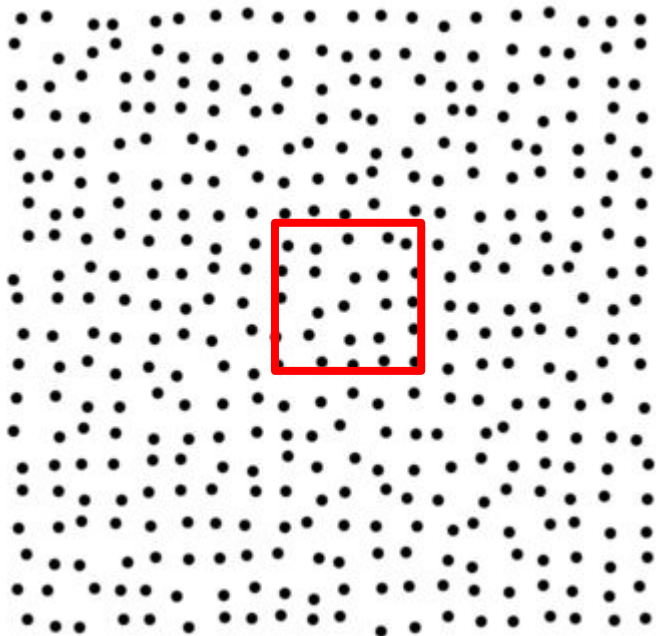


$50\ \mu\text{m}$

Giant number fluctuations (GNF)

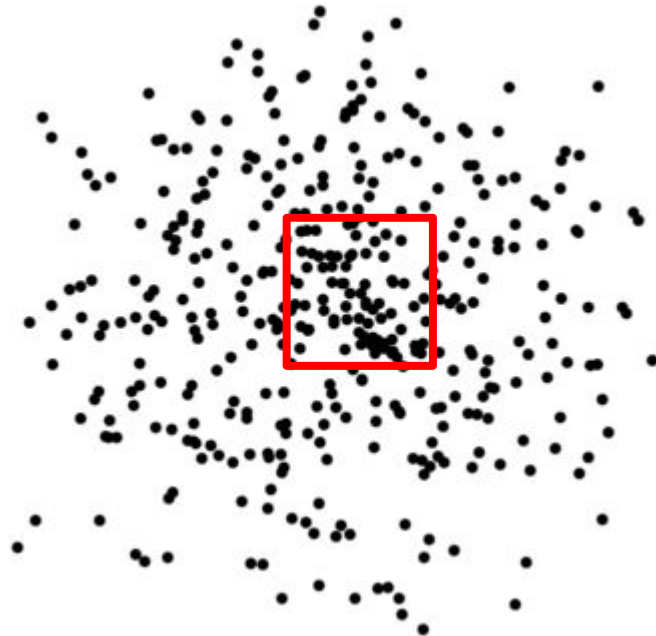
Definition Anomalously strong dependence of the variance of the number of particles on the mean number
“degree of chaos”

equilibrium



$$\Delta N \sim N^{0.5}$$

active

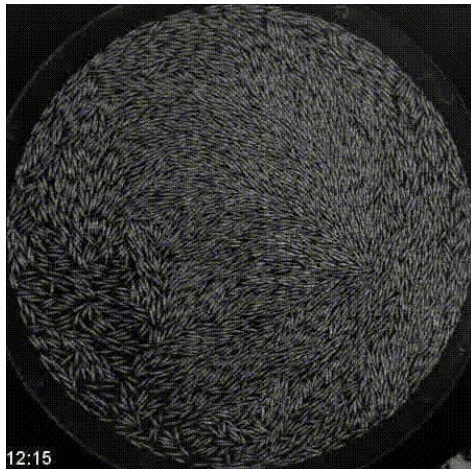


$$\Delta N \sim N^{0.5+\alpha}$$

Giant number fluctuations (GNF)

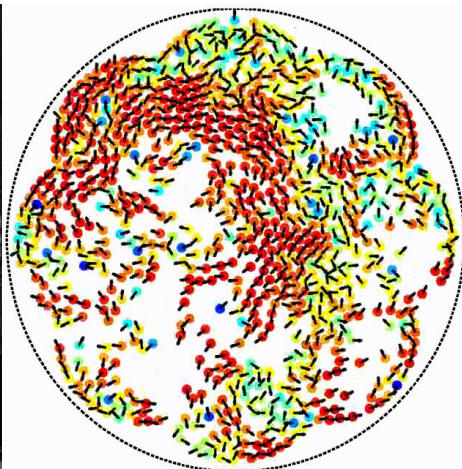
Definition Anomalously strong dependence of the variance of the number of particles on the mean number
“a landmark of collectively moving ordered active particles”

Shaking rods



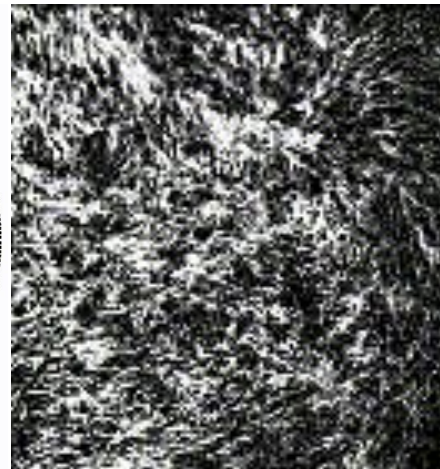
Narayan (2007)

Shaking disks



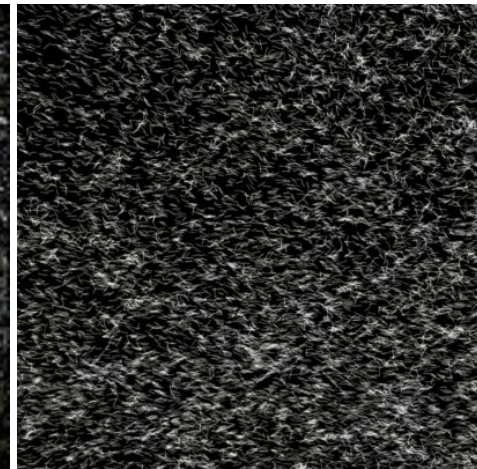
Deseigne (2010)

Actin filaments



Schaller (2013)

Bacteria



Nishiguchi (2017)

Theory

Toner and Tu (1995, 1998)
Simha and Ramaswamy (2002, 2003)
Saintillan and Shelly (2008)
Toner (2012, 2019)

Simulation

Mishra (2006)
Chate (2008)
Saintillan (2012)
Dey (2012)
Ngo (2014)
Mahault (2019)

Experiment

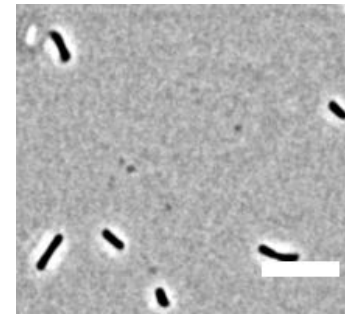
Narayan (2007)
Sokolov (2009)
Deseigne (2010)
Zhang (2010)
Palacci (2013)
Schaller (2013)
Nishiguchi (2017)
Kawaguchi (2017)
Karani (2019)

Measurement GNF in 3D

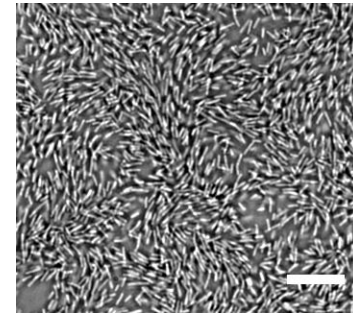
$$\Delta N \sim N^{0.5+\alpha}$$

- Definite measurement of α
 - 0.13 to 0.5
 - Presence of frictional walls
 - Quantitative understandings
 - Concentration dependence
 - Dimensionality effect
 - ...

Quasi-2D bacterial suspensions

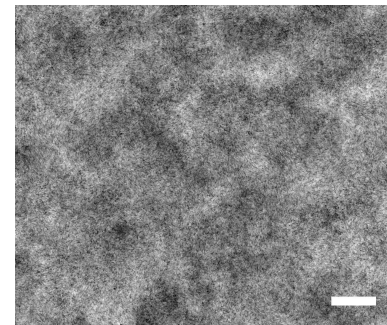


10 μm



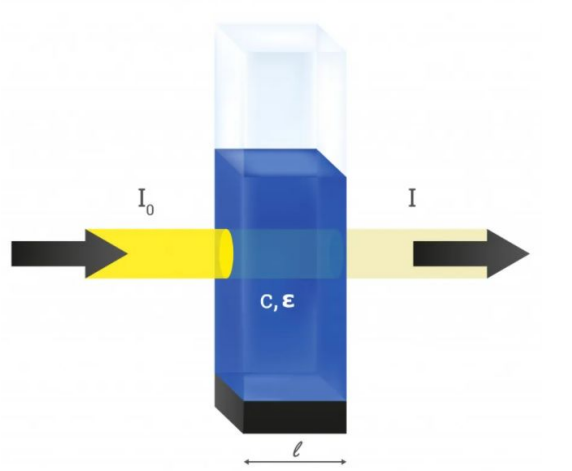
30 μm

3D bacterial suspensions



50 μm

Measurement GNF in 3D: Beer-Lambert law

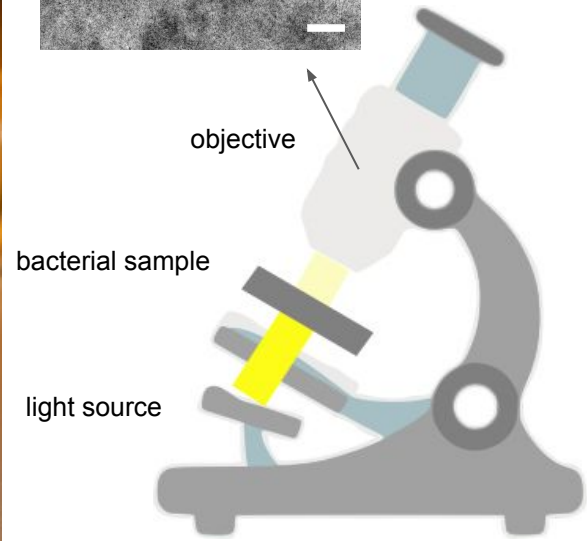
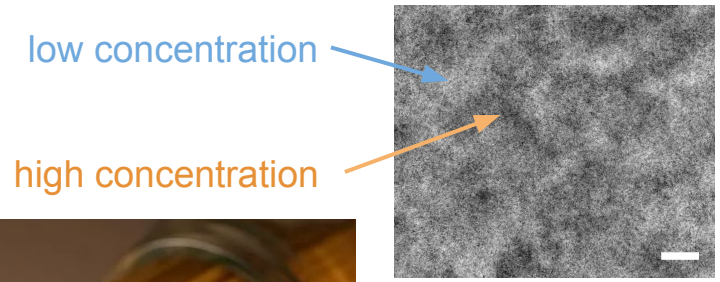


$$\log \frac{I_0}{I} \propto c$$

Light attenuation is proportional to solution concentration

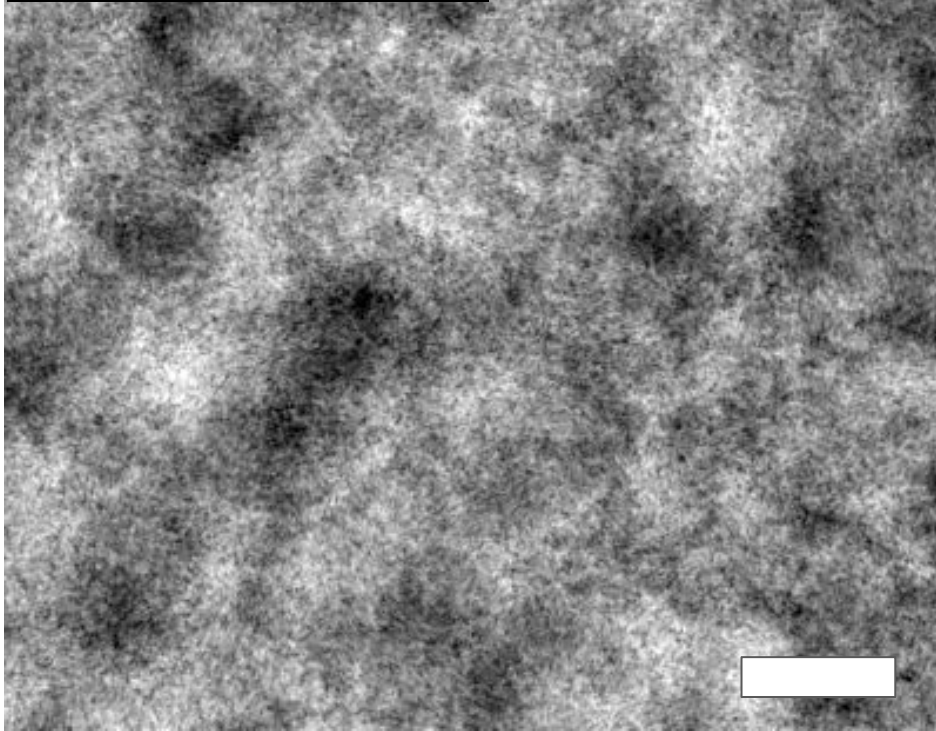


<https://www.scienceabc.com/pure-sciences/what-is-beers-law.html>



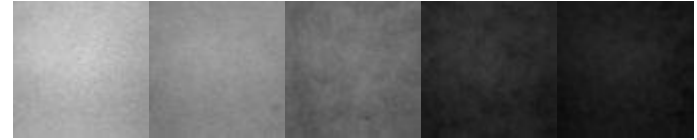
Concentration and light: quantitative relation

Bacterial active turbulence



50 μm

Different concentration - Same illumination



Volume fraction ϕ

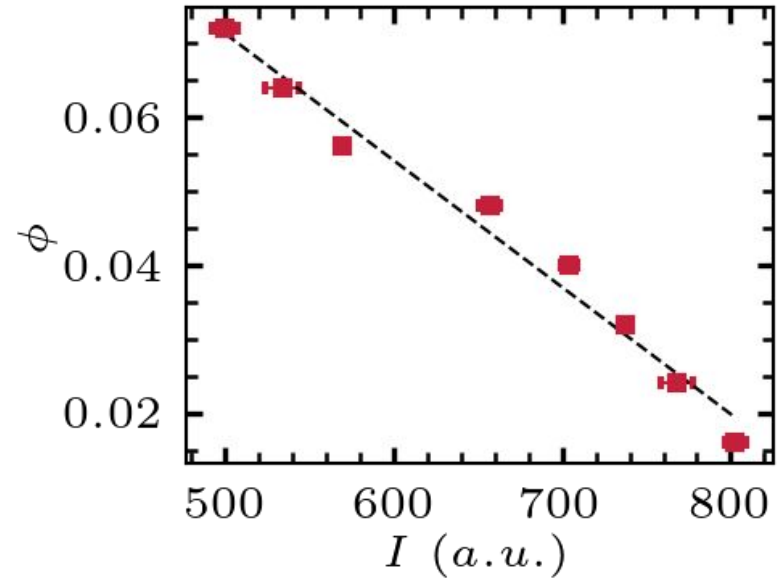
0.016

0.032

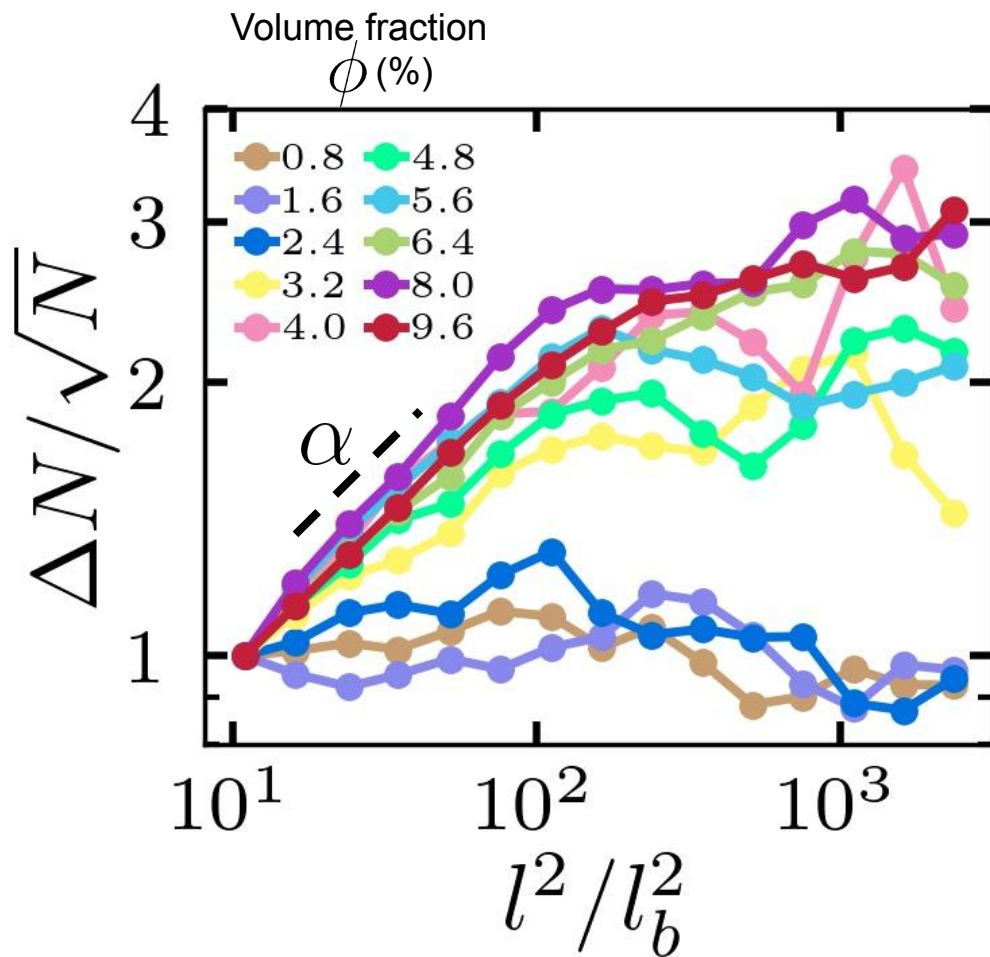
0.048

0.064

0.080



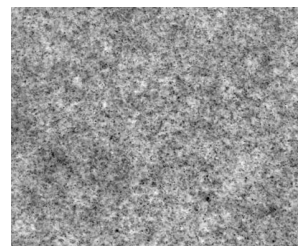
GNF at different concentrations



$$\Delta N / \sqrt{N} \sim N^\alpha$$

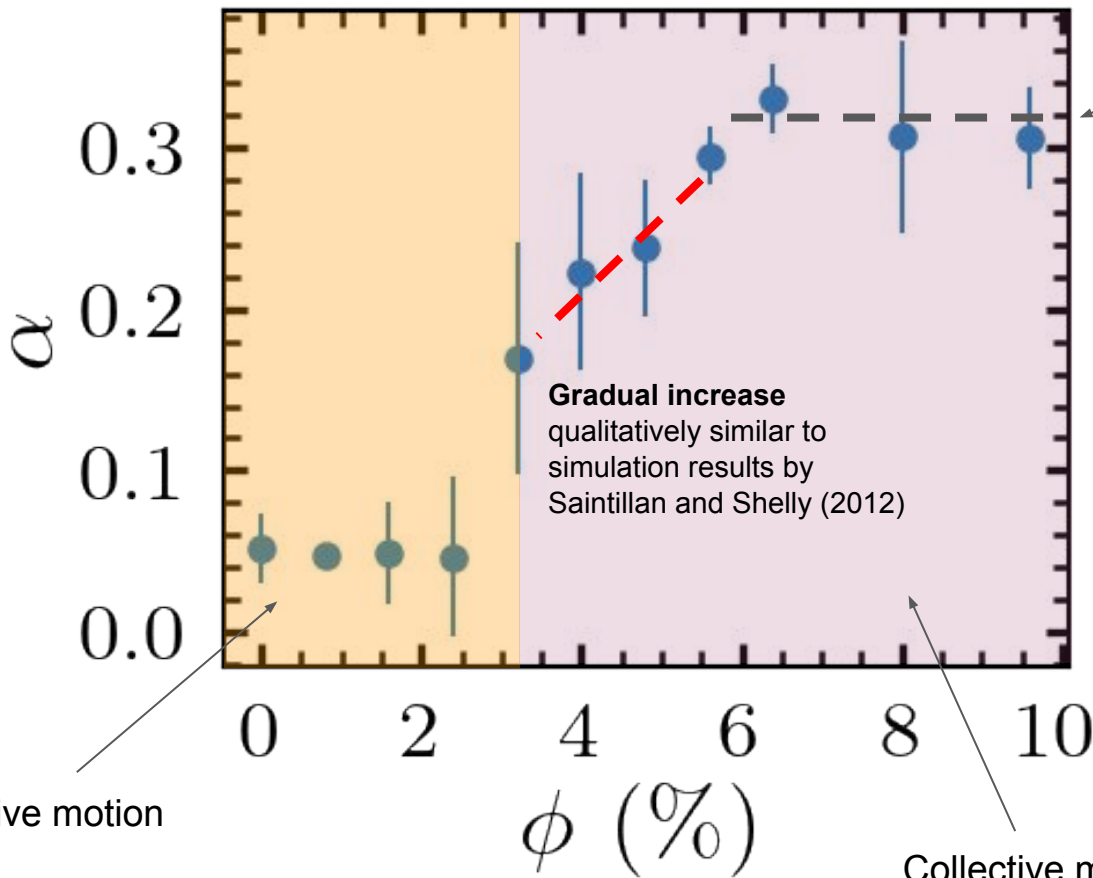
- α measures the magnitude of GNF

GNF at different concentrations

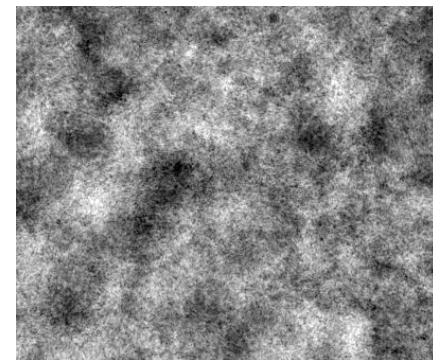


1.6%

No collective motion



$\alpha \approx 0.32$
Close to the 3D prediction by Simha and Ramaswamy (2002)

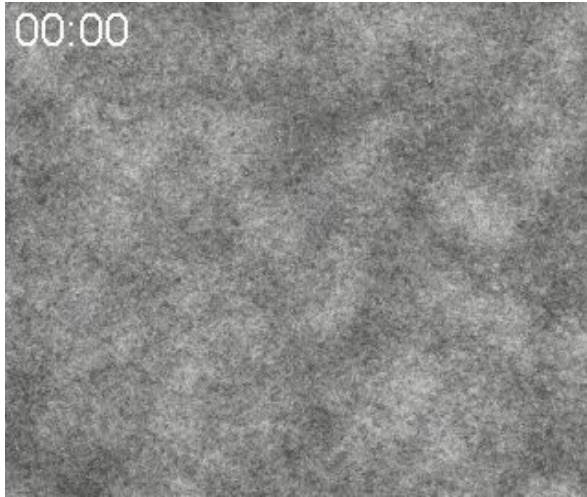


6.4%

Collective motion

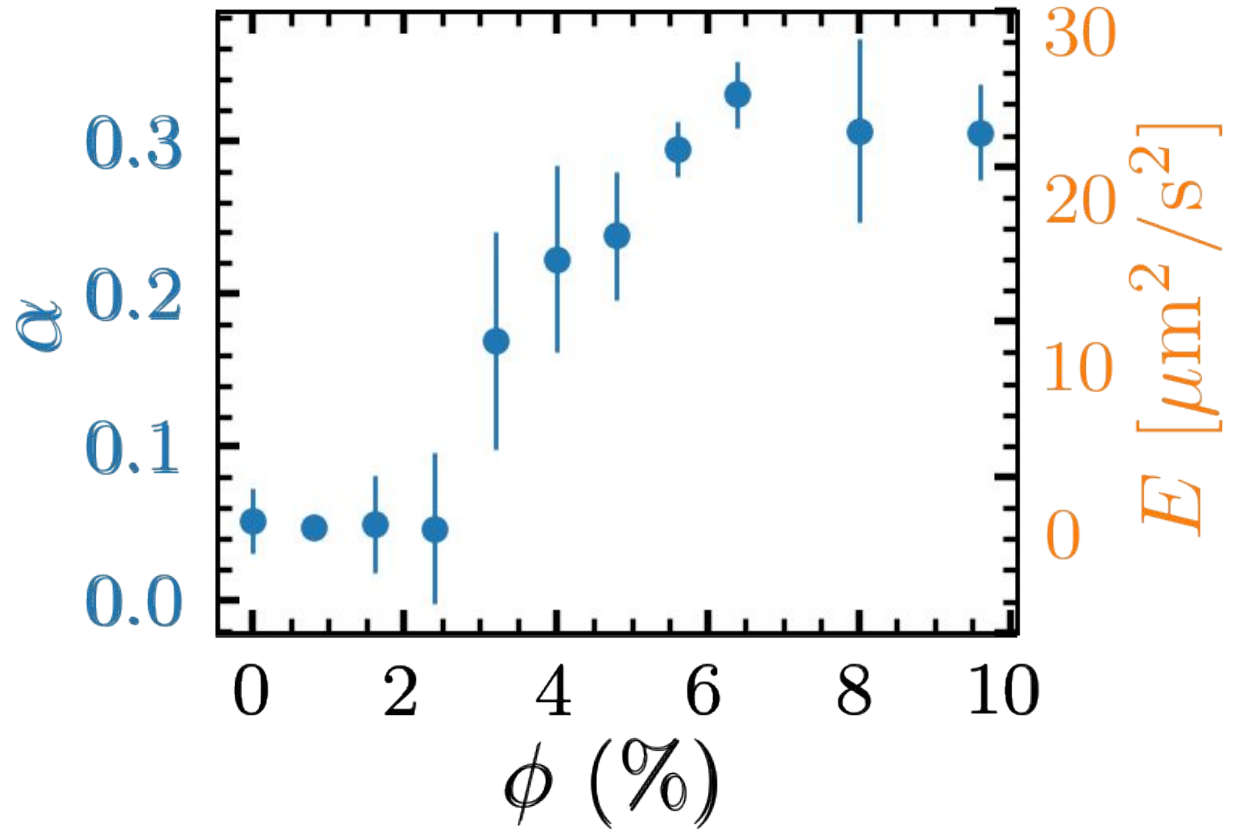
GNF and kinetic energy: global correlation

Particle image velocimetry (PIV)

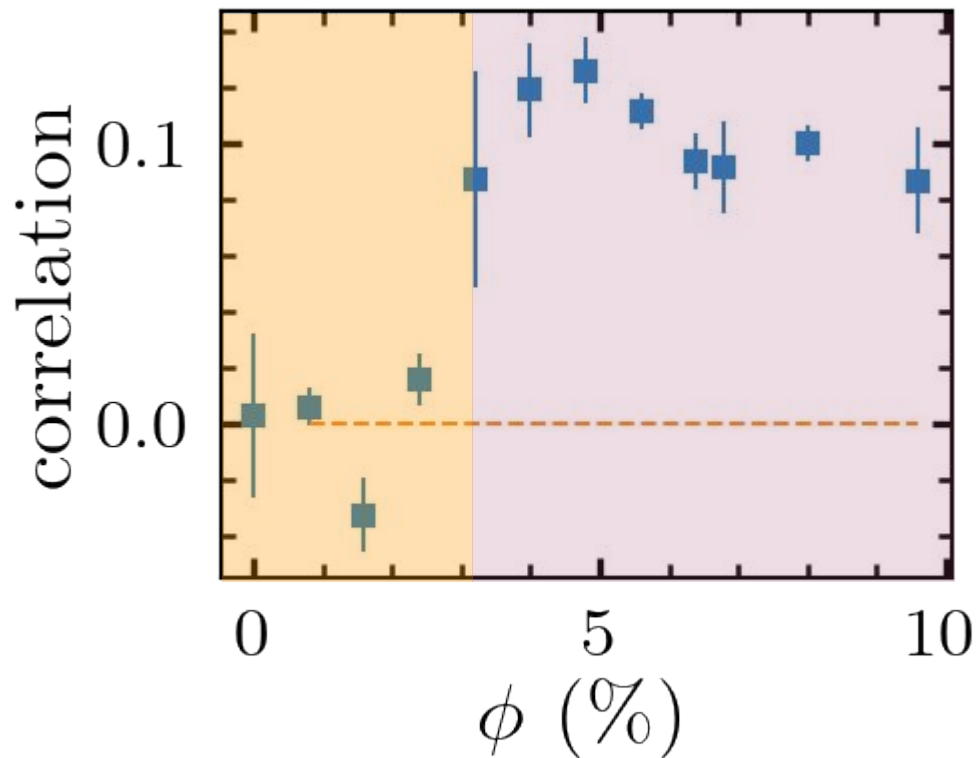
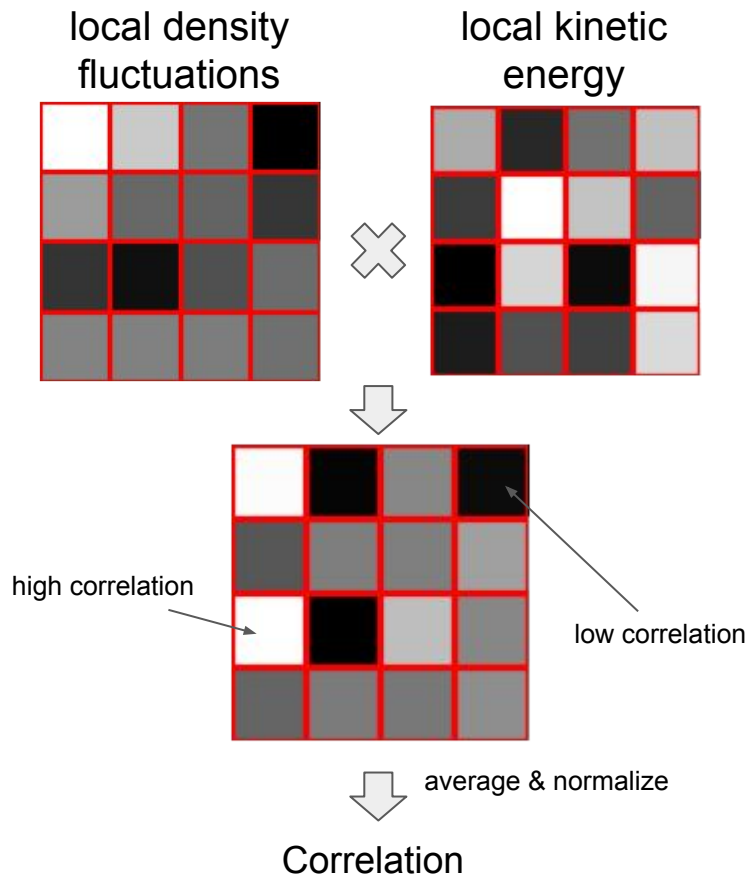


Kinetic energy:

$$E = \frac{1}{2} \langle |\mathbf{v}|^2 \rangle$$



GNF and kinetic energy: local correlation



Conclusions

- 1st measurement of GNF in 3D bacterial suspensions
- Confirmation of theoretical prediction and simulation results
- Coupling between GNF and kinetic energy over different length scales

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